Grower guide to assessing legume nodulation

Gippsland
(Faba bean, Field pea / Vetch, Lupin, Sub Clover, Lucerne / White Clover)

- Was your legume inoculation successful? If you didn’t inoculate, should you do so in future?
- You can check to see if this year’s legume nodulation is adequate.
- See short, instructional videos at: www.ua.edu.au/legume-inoculation

METHOD

1. In late winter or early spring (or about 10 – 12 weeks after sowing), collect about 30 plants, 10 at each of 3 sample spots (see sample pattern diagram), putting each sample of 10 in a separate bucket.

2. Carefully wash off the soil in a bucket of water and rinse roots once or twice to remove remaining soil. (Soak for up to 30 min for heavy soils).

3. Score each plant for adequate / poor nodulation (refer to photos of adequate and poor nodulation and desirable numbers of nodules per plant, see over). Sort plants into two groups: adequately and poorly nodulated, work out the % plants adequately nodulated and then the average score for the three sampling locations. For easier assessment, float the roots in water on a white background.

Equipment needed

Sampling pattern (sample at “x”)

| Buckets, spade, water |

**OVERALL AVERAGE NODULATION SCORE:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall success rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adequate</td>
<td>70% or more of plants rated adequate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borderline</td>
<td>50 – 70% of plants rated adequate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>Less than 50% of plants rated adequate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>No nodules present (= no nitrogen fixation)</td>
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NOTE: Plants scored as Adequate should have most nodules with a red/pink colour inside (actively fixing nitrogen).
**FABA BEAN**

**Adequate**

50 to 100 nodules per plant
(20 nodules per plant on lighter soils)

**Poor**

less than 15 nodules

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**PEA / VETCH**

**Adequate**

50 to 100 nodules
(20 nodules per plant on lighter soils)

**Poor**

less than 20 nodules (red-brown earth)

Photo: Liz Farquharson SARDI
LUPIN  

Adequate  

Nodules right around the crown & on laterals; 
*Plant on R:* nodules have been sliced open to reveal pink interior (arrowed)

Note: Normal lupin roots can have a pink interior that is unrelated to nodulation

Poor  

Few nodules (arrowed)

SUB CLOVER  

Adequate

50 to 100 nodules

Poor  

less than 20 nodules
LUCERNE / WHITE CLOVER
Adequate

Photo: Ross Ballard SARDI

Young plants: ideally 10 – 15 nodules per plant at 10 wk
Mature plants: look for nodules on the finer lateral roots

What if the nodulation score is poor?

1. Sample elsewhere in the paddock to see if it is a localised problem or not.
2. Answer the questions in the next column.
3. Look for further information on troubleshooting:
   e.g. the "Nodulation Assessment Guide" or "Inoculating Legumes: A practical Guide", via www.ua.edu.au/legume-inoculation
   (Internet search: legume growers resources).

Inoculant groups:
Use correct inoculant type

- Faba / broad bean Group F or E
- Pea / Vetch Group E or F
- Lupin Group G only
- Sub clover Group C only
- Lucerne Group AL only
- White Clover Group B only

Selected troubleshooting questions for poor nodulation of freshly inoculated legumes:

Incorrect inoculant group used?

Inoculant mixed with poor quality water (eg saline)?

Inoculant combined with potentially toxic pesticides, trace elements or organic amendments?

Inoculant combined with fertilizer?

Dry sowing into paddock with no background of correct rhizobia?

Sowing into extremely acidic soil (pH less than 5 in CaCl2; except for lupin inoculant)?

Was soil waterlogged for an extended period during the growing season?

Herbicide damage from previous or current crop? (NOTE: SU herbicides in alkaline soils can dramatically inhibit nodulation of legumes in following years).

NOTE: If it is the first time to grow this legume crop in the paddock, the rate of inoculant application can be doubled.

This guide is based on the work of Janine Sounness, formerly pulse agronomist with Agriculture Victoria, Horsham

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GRDC project UA00138

Photos: Maarten Ryder, University of Adelaide, unless indicated